#### Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A compound of formula (1):

$$(R^3)_m + \bigvee_{H} O O \bigvee_{Q} R^1$$

#### wherein

 $R^1$  is independently selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{1-3}$ alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkoxy,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkoxy,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkoxy,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkoxy,  $C_{5-7}$ cycloalkoxy, heterocyclyl $C_{1-3}$ alkoxy (wherein each of these groups is substituted on carbon with 1, 2, or 3 hydroxy groups, provided that there is no more than one hydroxy group on the same carbon atom and a ring carbon atom adjacent to a ring heteroatom is not substituted by a hydroxy group), and groups of the formula A or A'

wherein x is 0 or 1, r is 0, 1, 2, or 3, s is 1 or 2 and u is 1 or 2;

provided that in (A) the hydroxy group is not a substituent on the ring carbon adjacent to the ring oxygen;

$$(CH_2)_r$$
  $(OH)_x$   $(B)$   $(B)$ 

wherein x is 0 or 1, r is 0, 1, 2, or 3, s is 1 or 2 and u is 1 or 2;

provided that the hydroxy group is not a substituent on the ring carbon adjacent to the ring oxygen):

m is 0, 1, or 2; and

R<sup>3</sup> is independently selected from <u>hydrogen or halo</u> <del>hydrogen, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, carbamoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkynyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, fluoromethyl, diffluoromethyl, and trifluoromethoxy:</del>

provided that when R<sup>1</sup> is of the formula A or A', then R<sup>2</sup> does not contain a group of the formula B or B', and when R<sup>2</sup> is of the formula B or B', then R<sup>1</sup> does not contain a group of the formula A or A':

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

## 2. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1, wherein:

 $R^1$  is selected from  $C_{1:0}$ alkyl,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkylmethyl,  $C_{1:0}$ alkoxy,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkyl $C_{1:3}$ methoxy, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylmethyl, heterocyclyloxy and heterocyclylmethoxy (wherein each of these groups is substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxy groups provided that there is no more than one hydroxy group on the same carbon atom), or  $R^1$  is of the formula A or A':

R<sup>2</sup> is a phenyl or heteroaryl group (each of which is optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, trifluoromethyl, carbamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, N,N-di-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl, N,N-di-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl, a group of the formula B, and a group of the formula B');

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof.

#### 3. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1, wherein:

 $R^1$  is selected from  $C_{1:6}$ alkyl,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkylmethyl,  $C_{1:6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{5:7}$ cycloalkylC<sub>1:3</sub>methoxy, wherein each group is substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxy groups provided that there is no more than one hydroxy group on the same carbon atom;

 $R^2$  is a phenyl or heteroaryl group (each of which is optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, trifluoromethyl, carbamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, N,N-di-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl, and N,N-di-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl); or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof.

# 4. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1, wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from ethyl, propyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopexyl, cyclopentylmethyl, and cyclohexylmethyl, wherein each group is substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxy groups provided that there is no more than one hydroxy group on the same carbon atom:

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from phenyl, pyridyl, oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, and thienyl, each of which is optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, trifluoromethyl, carbamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, and N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl; m is 1: and

R3 is chloro:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof.

# 5. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1, wherein:

 $\mathbb{R}^1$  is selected from 2-hydroxyethyl, 2,3-dihydroxypropyl, 3,4-dihydroxycyclopentyl, and 3,4-dihydroxycyclopentylmethyl;

 $R^2$  is phenyl optionally substituted with 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, trifluoromethyl, carbamoyl, N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, and N-C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylsulfamoyl; m is 1 or 2; and

R3 is hydrogen or halo:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof.

6. (previously presented) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or an in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, which process comprises:

a) reacting an acid of the formula (2)

$$(\mathbb{R}^3)_m \xrightarrow[l]{f_1} N \xrightarrow[l]{h} O \\ H N \longrightarrow OH$$

or an activated derivative thereof; with an amine of formula (3)

HNR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>

(3); or

b) reacting an acid of the formula (4)

$$(R^3)_m \xrightarrow[l]{I} N OH$$

or an activated derivative thereof; with an amine of formula (5)

H₂NCH₂CONR¹R²

(5)

wherein any functional groups are optionally protected;

and thereafter if necessary

- i) converting a compound of the formula (1) into another compound of the formula (1);
- ii) removing any protecting groups; or
- iii) forming a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester.
- 7. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.
- 8-11. (canceled)
- 12. (previously presented) A method of treating type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, syndrome X, hyperinsulinaemia, hyperglucagonaemia, cardiac ischaemia, or obesity in a warm-blooded animal in need of such treatment, comprising administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.
- 13. (previously presented) A method of treating type 2 diabetes in a warm-blooded animal in need of such treatment, comprising administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound claim 1.